

Soorat Al-Faatiha

## **A Concise Interpretation**

Saleh As\_Saleh



## Al-Faatiha A Concise Interpretation

## The Opening *Soorah* (Chapter)

**This** *Soorah* has been named *Al-Faatihah* (The Opening) because the Grand Qur'aan is commenced therewith. It is also called *Al-Mathaanee* (repeatedly recited verses) because it is recited in every *Rak'ah* (unit of prayer), and it has other names as well.

1. I begin and commence [the task of recitation, or any other lawful task or affair] seeking the aid of the **name of Allaah** in the accomplishment [of the particular task] and in the pursuance of the right way [in the intended affair], and in petitioning for acceptance [of this or any other good deed].

{ identifying name or title) of the*Rabb*,<sup>1</sup> the Blessed and the Most High, who, and non else besides Him, is worshipped rightfully and deservingly. This is the most particular name of the names of Allaah, the Most High, and cannot be applied to other than Him, the One free of all imperfection.

{الرَّحمن}: Ar-Rahmaan: The One whose Mercy encompasses the entire creation.

{الرّحيم}: Ar-Raheem: The One who has Mercy upon the believers.

Both, *Ar-Rahmaan* and *Ar-Raheem*, are two names of the names of Allaah, the Most High.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>*Rabb*: Allaah is sole *Rabb*: He is the One Who gave all things the power to grow, to move and to change, to Whom belongs the Creation and Commandment; the Master Who has no equal in His Sovereignty, Predominance, and Highness, the One Who Provides for and Sustains all that exists, and who brings into existence things from nothing. The word "Lord" used in translating the word *Rabb* into the English Language, is not truly equivalent to the comprehensive meaning of the name *Ar-Rabb*.

2. { الحَمْدُ لللهُ رَبِّ العَالَمِين }: This is a statement of praise which Allaah praised Himself with. Implicit therein is an ordinance to His slaves to celebrate His Praise, for He, alone, is the One worthy of [all] praise. And He, the One free of all imperfection (*Subhaanahu*: سُبحانَهُ), is the One who originated all of creation, the One who takes charge (guards, protects, maintains, etc.) of their affairs; the One who nurtures and sustains all of His creation with His favours and blessings, and His friends (*awliyaa'*) with *eemaan* (faith) and righteous deeds.

3. {الرَّحن}: Ar-Rahmaan: The One whose Mercy encompasses the entire creation.
۲-Raheem: The One who has Mercy upon the believers.

4. {مالك يوم الدين}: It is He [Allaah], the One free of all imperfection, the only Owner (and the only Ruling Judge) of the Day of Resurrection (*Yawmul Qiyaamah*) which is the Day of Requital of deeds. Restricting [His] Dominion to the Day of Recompense (*Yawmuddeen*) is because no one will claim [the ownership of] anything on the Day of Resurrection, and because no soul shall speak except by His [Allaah's] Leave.

In the Muslim's recitation of this *Aayah* in every *Rak'ah* of his prayers, there is a reminder for him of the Last Day, and an incitement to make himself ready by doing righteous deeds and refraining from sinful and evil acts.

5.{ إِيَّاكَ نَعْبُدُ وَإِيَّاكَ نَسْتَعِين }: We solely single You out [O Allaah] with all acts of obedience and all worship, and to You alone we appeal for aid in all of our affairs, for indeed all the matters are in Your Hand, none [else] possess not even an ant's weight of it!

In this *Aayah* there is proof that it is not permissible for the '*Abd* [slave-worshipper of Allaah] to direct anything from the types of worship except to Allaah alone. In it there is a healing for the hearts from the ailment of devotion to other than Allaah, and from the diseases of *Riyaa*' (showing off in good works), vanity, and arrogance.

6.{هدنا الصِّرَاطَ المستقيم}: Show us, guide us, and grant us the ability to purse the Straight Path and make us firmly established upon it until we meet You. The Straight Path is Islaam, the clear Way leading to attain

the Pleasure of Allaah and His *Jannah* (Paradise), and which the end (last) of Allaah's Messenger and Prophets [i.e. Muhammad **ﷺ**] directed us to it. There can be no way for the '*Abd* to attain happiness except by being upright on it.

{ صِرَاطَ الَّذِينَ أَنعَمتَ عَلَيهم غَيْر المَعْضُوب عَلَيْهمُ وَلا الضَّالِّين }.7

The Way of those upon whom You have conferred Your Favours of the Prophets, the *Siddeeqeen*,<sup>2</sup> the martyrs, and the righteous. Indeed, they are the ones worthy of guidance and who deserve to be rightly directed. And make us not of those who pursed the way of those who were the objects of Allaah's Anger (*Al-Maghdoobi 'Alayhim*), the Jews and likewise, who knew the truth but did not apply it; nor of those who have gone astray, the ones who were misguided and consequently have strayed away for the right path. These are *An-Nasaara* (the Christians) and whoever follows their way.

In this *du'aa* (invocation) there is a cure for the Muslim's heart from the ailment of *Jahd* (knowingly denying the truth), ignorance, and misguidance, and a proof that the greatest favour at all is that of Islaam. So whoever is more knowledgeable of the truth and more pursuant of it is more entitled to the Straight Path. Without a doubt that among mankind, aside from the Prophets *'Alayhimus-Salaam,* the companions of Allaah's Messenger (ﷺ) have the best claim to this [Path]. Indeed, the *Aayah* proves their excellence and their great rank and standing, *Radiyallaahu 'Anhum* (may Allaah be pleased with them).

It is praiseworthy for the reader to say "*Aameen*" after the recitation of *Al-Faatihah* which means "O Allaah, respond." It is not, however, an *Aayah* of *Sooarat Al-Faatihah* as this is agreed upon by the scholars. For this reason they unanimously agreed that it is not to be written in the copies (*Masaahif*, sing. *Mushaf*) of the Noble Qur'aan.

The slave hoping for Allaah's Mercy and Forgiveness Saleh As-Saleh, 1421 A.H

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup>Siddeeqeen (Sing. Siddeeq): One who eminently, or always, accepting, or confirming the truth in his saying, belief, and deeds. They are the followers of the Prophets who were first and foremost to believe in them, like Abu Bakr As-Siddeeq, *Radiyallaahu 'Anhu (45)*.